

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name: MEKP-Härter
- · 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Not determined
- · Application of the substance / the mixture Hardening agent/ Curing agent
- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

Vosschemie GmbH Esinger Steinweg 50 D-25436 Uetersen

Phone: +49 (0)4122 717 0; Fax: +49 (0)4122 717158; info@vosschemie.de

· Further information obtainable from:

Abteilung Labor / +49 (0)4122 717 0

s.schaller@vosschemie.de

· 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Giftinformationszentrum (GIZ)-Nord, Goettingen, Deutschland

Phone: +49 (0)551 19240

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS02 flame

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. Org. Perox. CD H242 Heating may cause a fire.



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Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.



Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

STOT SE 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

#### · 2.2 Label elements

### · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms







GHS02 GHS05 GHS07

### · Signal word Danger

### · Hazard-determining components of labelling:

2-Butanone, peroxide

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one

hydrogen peroxide solution

tributylamine

### · Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

#### · Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P260 Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.

*P280* Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P220 Keep/Store away from clothing/combustible materials.

*P234 Keep only in original container.* 

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

### · 2.3 Other hazards

Risk of serious damage to eyes.

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Flammable.

Risk of fire on contact with combustible substances or other substances effective in promoting the decomposition reaction.

Fire propagating effect due to oxygen release.

Thermal decomposition with temperatures above 60 °C (SADT)

Pls. refer to section 10

- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- $\cdot$  **PBT:** Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.2 Chemical characterisation: Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components:		
CAS: 131-11-3 EINECS: 205-011-6 Reg.nr.: 01-2119437229-36	dimethyl phthalate	25-50%
CAS: 1338-23-4 EC number: 700-954-4 Reg.nr.: 01-2119514691-43	2-Butanone, peroxide  Org. Perox. CD, H242; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Acute Tox. 4, H302	25-50%
CAS: 123-42-2 EINECS: 204-626-7 Reg.nr.: 01-2119473975-21	4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one  Flam. Liq. 3, H226;  Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335	10-25%
CAS: 78-93-3 EINECS: 201-159-0 Reg.nr.: 01-2119457290-43	butanone  The Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Page 11. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336	1.0-6.0%
CAS: 7722-84-1 EINECS: 231-765-0 Reg.nr.: 01-2119485845-22	hydrogen peroxide solution  Ox. Liq. 1, H271; Skin Corr. 1A, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332; STOT SE 3, H335	1.0-4.0%
CAS: 102-82-9 EINECS: 203-058-7	tributylamine Acute Tox. 2, H310; Acute Tox. 1, H330; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315	0.1-1.0%

<sup>·</sup> Additional information: For the wording of the listed risk phrases refer to section 16.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information:

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.

Personal protection for the First Aider.

Take affected persons out of danger area and lay down.

In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

*Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.* 

· After inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Supply fresh air or oxygen; call for doctor.

*In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.* 

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· After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Seek immediate medical advice.

· After eye contact:

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

Call a doctor immediately.

· After swallowing:

Rinse mouth.

Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.
- · 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

· 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

*In case of fire, the product promotes combustion.* 

May decompose explosively in absence of fire due to formation of vapour-air-mixture.

- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.

· Additional information

Remove undamaged containers from the danger zone.

Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### · 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Ensure adequate ventilation

Use suitable respiratory protective device in case of insufficient ventilation.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Keep away from ignition sources.

Pls. refer to section 10

### · 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

### · 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Collect with an inert, non-combustible, absorbent material (i.e. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid binder, universal binder).

Do not seal receptacle gas tight.

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Pls. refer to section 10

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### · 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### · 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep receptacles tightly sealed.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

Do not return unused material to original containers – decomposition hazard!

Restrict the quantity stored at the work place.

Resistant to inert materials only.

Suitable materials: Stainless steel (DIN 1.4571), PVC, polyethylene, glass-lined apparatus.

Keep apart from dirt, rust, chemicals, especially reducing substances, acids, alkaline solutions, amines and heavy metal compounds 8such as accelerator, dessicative, metal soaps). Avoid naked flames, sparks, other ignition sources and sunlight.

Avoid any direct contact with accelerators.

Weigh out and mix separately when processing polyester resins.

Avoid storage in containers with an airtight closure to prevent hazardous pressure build-up due to an eventual decomposition.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Adhere to the workplace limit values and / or other threshold values.

### · Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Protect from heat.

Protect from sunlight.

Prevent impact and friction.

Thermal decomposition with temperatures above 60 °C under formation of explosive vapours/gases

Avoid naked flames, sparks, other ignition sources and sunlight.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

Anti-explosion protection required

Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture.

Fire propagating effect due to oxygen release.

Keep apart from incompatible substances, dirt and high temperatures.

Pls. refer to section 10

### · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### · Storage:

### · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store in a cool location.

Store only in the original receptacle.

Prevent any seepage into the ground.

Adhere to the provisions of the Law on Water Protection.

Use only receptacles specifically permitted for this substance/product.

### · Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Keep apart from other chemicals, in particular from accelerators.

Store away from foodstuffs.

### · Further information about storage conditions:

Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

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Protect from contamination.

Store receptacle in a well ventilated area.

Store under lock and key and out of the reach of children.

- · Recommended storage temperature: 10 <30 °C
- · 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

	-		sign oj tecnnical fo	acilities: No further data; see item 7.	
	ol paramete				
			t require monitorin	ng at the workplace:	
	dimethyl ph		value: 10 mg/m³		
WEL (Gre	ai Driiain)		value: 10 mg/m³ value: 5 mg/m³		
123-42-2 4	4-hydroxy-	4-methylper			
			value: 362 mg/m³,	75 ppm	
			value: 241 mg/m³, .		
78-93-3 bı					
WEL (Gre	at Britain)		value: 899 mg/m³,		
		Long-term Sk, BMGV	value: 600 mg/m³, 2	200 ppm	
IOELV (E	(I/)	· ·	value: 900 mg/m³,	300 ppm	
LULLI (L	~ <i>)</i>		value: 600 mg/m³, 2		
7722-84-1	hydrogen	peroxide so			
WEL (Gre	at Britain)		value: 2.8 mg/m³, 2		
		Long-term	value: 1.4 mg/m³, 1	ррт	
DNELs					
131-11-3 a	limethyl ph	ıthalate			
Oral	_	_	systemic effects	25 mg/kg bw/day (general population)	
Dermal	Long-tern	ı exposure -	systemic effects	60 mg/kg bw/day (general population)	
				100 mg/kg bw/day (worker)	
Inhalative	Long-tern	ı exposure -	systemic effects	87 mg/m³ (general population)	
				294 mg/m³ (worker)	
		4-methylper			
Oral	_	-	systemic effects	3.4 mg/kg bw/day (general population)	
Dermal	Long-tern	ı exposure -	systemic effects	3.4 mg/kg bw/day (general population)	
				9.4 mg/kg bw/day (worker)	
Inhalative	Acute/sho	rt-term expo	osure - local effects		
	,		1 1 00	240 mg/m³ (worker)	
	Long-tern	ı exposure -	local effects	11.8 mg/m³ (general population)	
	I .			$66.4 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ (worker)}$	
	_		systemic effects	11.8 mg/m³ (general population)	

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			21 /1 /1 / 1 1 /: \	
	_	-term exposure - systemic effects	31 mg/kg bw/day (general population)	
Dermal .	Long-term exposure - systemic effects		412 mg/kg bw/day (general population)	
	_		1161 mg/kg bw/day (worker)	
Inhalative	Long	-term exposure - systemic effects	106 mg/m³ (general population)	
			600 mg/m³ (worker)	
	•	gen peroxide solution		
Inhalative	Acute	e/short-term exposure - local effects		
			3 mg/m³ (worker)	
	Long	-term exposure - local effects	0.21 mg/m³ (general population)	
			1.4 mg/m³ (worker)	
PNECs				
131-11-3 di	imeth	yl phthalate		
PNEC STP	)	4 mg/l (-)		
PNEC aqua	ı	0.192 mg/l (freshwater)		
		0.0192 mg/l (marine water)		
PNEC sedir	ment	1403 mg/kg (freshwater)		
PNEC soil		3.16 mg/kg (soil dw)		
123-42-2 4-	-hydr	oxy-4-methylpentan-2-one		
PNEC STP	)	82 mg/l (-)		
PNEC aqua	ı	2 mg/l (freshwater)		
		0.2 mg/l (marine water)		
PNEC sedir	ment	9.06 mg/kg (freshwater)		
		0.91 mg/kg (marine water)		
PNEC soil 0.63 mg/kg (soil dw)				
78-93-3 but	tanon	ne e		
PNEC STP	)	709 mg/l (-)		
PNEC aqua	ı	55.8 mg/l (freshwater)		
		55.8 mg/l (marine water)		
		55.8 mg/l (intermittent releases)		
PNEC oral		1000 mg/kg (-)		
PNEC sedir	ment	ent 284.74 mg/kg (freshwater)		
		284.7 mg/kg (marine water)		
PNEC soil 22.5 mg/kg (-)				
7722-84-1	hydro	gen peroxide solution		
PNEC STP	-	4.66 mg/l (-)		
PNEC aqua	ı	0.0126 mg/l (freshwater)		
-		0.0126 mg/l (marine water)		



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· Ingredients with biolog	· Ingredients with biological limit values:		
78-93-3 butanone			
BMGV (Great Britain)			
	Medium: urine		
	Sampling time: post shift Parameter: butan-2-one		
	Parameter: butan-2-one		

- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working.

Use skin protection cream for skin protection.

### · Respiratory protection:

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Use suitable respiratory protective device in case of insufficient ventilation.

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Filter A/P2

· Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

### · Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Neoprene gloves

PVC gloves

Synthetic rubber gloves

### · Penetration time of glove material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles





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· Body protection: Protective work clothing

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

· General Information

· Appearance:

Form: Fluid
Colour: Colourless
• Odour: Acrid

• pH-value at 20 °C: 4.7

· Change in condition

Melting point/Melting range:Undetermined.Boiling point/Boiling range:Undetermined.

• Flash point: 55 °C (ISO 3679)

· Ignition temperature:

**Decomposition temperature:**  $62 \, ^{\circ}C \, (SADT)$ 

· Self-igniting: Pls. refer to section 10

• Danger of explosion: Pls. refer to section 10

· Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 20 hPa

• Density at 20 °C:  $\sim 1.1 \text{ g/cm}^3$ 

· Solubility in / Miscibility with

water: Partly miscible.

· Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not determined

· Viscosity:

Dynamic at 20 °C: 16 mPas Kinematic: Not determined

• 9.2 Other information No further relevant information available.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- · 10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

Resistant to inert materials only.

Suitable materials: Stainless steel (DIN 1.4571), PVC, polyethylene, glass-lined apparatus.

· 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Thermal decomposition or direct contact with numerous additives, such as reducing agents (i.e. amine accelerator), heavy metal compounds (in particular cobalt accelerators), acids and alkaline solutions, may lead to hazardous, autoaccelerating decomposition reactions, and possibly, to explosion or fire.

· 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Protect from heat.

Avoid naked flames, sparks, other ignition sources and sunlight.

To avoid thermal decomposition do not overheat.

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Thermal decomposition with temperatures above 60 °C (SADT)

· 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Keep apart from dirt, rust, chemicals, especially reducing substances, acids, alkaline solutions, amines and heavy metal compounds 8such as accelerator, dessicative, metal soaps)

Avoid any direct contact with accelerators.

· 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Formation of various organic degradation products and inflammable and explosive vapours/gases upon decomposition.

Danger of forming toxic pyrolysis products.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity:

· Acute toxi	Acute toxicity:		
· LD/LC50	LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:		
131-11-3 dimethyl phthalate			
Oral	LD 50	>2400 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD50	> 10000 mg/kg (rabbit)	
Inhalative	LC50 /6h	9.3 mg/l (-)	
1338-23-4	2-Butanon	e, peroxide	
Oral	LD 50	1017 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD50	4000 mg/kg (rabbit)	
Inhalative	LC 50 / 4h	17 mg/l (rat)	
123-42-2 4	123-42-2 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one		
Oral	LD50	3002 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401)	
Dermal	LD 50	> 1875 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 402)	
	<i>LD50</i>	3630 mg/kg (rab)	
Inhalative	LC 50 / 4h	> 7.6 mg/l (rat) (OECD 403)	
	LC50 /4h	500-1900 mg/m³ (mouse)	
78-93-3 bı	ıtanone		
Oral	LD50	> 2193 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	<i>LD50</i>	5000 mg/kg (rabbit)	
Inhalative	Inhalative $LC50/4h$ $34 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ (rat)}$		
7722-84-1	hydrogen p	eroxide solution	
Oral	LD50	693.7 mg/kg (rat)	
Inhalative	<i>LC 50 / 4h</i>	> 0.17  mg/l  (rat)	
102-82-9 t	102-82-9 tributylamine		
Oral	LD50	420 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD50	> 2000 mg/kg (rat)	
		190 mg/kg (rabbit) ((100%))	
Inhalative	LC50 /4h	0.5 mg/l (rat) (OECD 403, vapour)	

- · Primary irritant effect:
- · on the skin: Caustic effect on skin and mucous membranes.
- · on the eye: Strong irritant with the danger of severe eye injury.

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· Subacute t	o chroni	c toxicity:
131-11-3 d	limethyl p	hthalate
Oral	NOAEL	1000 mg/kg (rat) (bw/day, 24 month)
123-42-2 4	-hydroxy	-4-methylpentan-2-one
Oral	NOAEL	300 mg/kg (rat) (6 weeks, liver, kidney)
		0.48 mg/l (human)
	NOAEL	1.041 mg/l (rat) (6 weeks, liver, kidney)

### Additional toxicological information:

May cause respiratory irritation.

Swallowing will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus and stomach.

- · Sensitisation No sensitising effects known.
- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

· Carcinogenicity				
	1338-23-4 2-Butanone, peroxide			
Oral	NOAEL (carcinogenicity) 50 mg/kg (rat) (F1, OECD 421)			
123-42-2 4	-hydroxy-4-methyl	pentan-2-on	e	
Oral	NOAEL (carcinoge	enicity) 100	mg/kg (rat) (44 d)	
Inhalative	NOAEL (carcinoge	enicity) 1.84	mg/l $(rat)$	
· Reproduct	Reproductive toxicity/Fertility			
123-42-2 4	123-42-2 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one			
Oral	NOAEL (fertility) 30-100 mg/kg (rat, parents) (OECD 422)			
		300 mg/kg (1	rat, F1) (OECD 422)	
Inhalative	tive NOAEL (fertility) 4.1 mg/l (rat, parents) (OECD 416)			
		4.1 mg/l (rat	, F1) (OECD 416)	
· Reproduct	Reproductive toxicity/Teratogenicity			
131-11-3 d	limethyl phthalate			
Oral	NOAEL (developmental toxicity) 3570 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 414)			
	NOAEL (maternally) 840 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 414)		840 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 414)	
123-42-2 4	-hydroxy-4-methyl	pentan-2-on	e	
Inhalative	NOAEL (teratogenicity)		4.1 mg/l (rat) (OECD 414)	

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

· Aquatic toxicity:	
131-11-3 dimethyl phthal	late
EC10/72h	193.09 mg/l (desmodesmus subspicatus)
EC50/48h	33 mg/l (daphnia magna)
EC50/72h	259.76 mg/l (desmodesmus subspicatus)
EC50/96h	39.9 mg/l (algae) (Raphidocelis subcapitata)
LC50/96h	50 mg/l (Lepomis macrochirus)
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	39 mg/l (pimephales promelas) (Contd. of pa
NOEC	9.6 mg/l (daphnia magna) (21 d)
	11 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss) (102 d)
1338-23-4 2-Butanone, peroxide	11 mg/r (oncomynemus mymss) (102 u)
EC50/48h	39 mg/l (daphnia magna)
EC50/72h	5.6 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
LC50/96h	44.2 mg/l (poecilia reticulata)
NOEC	2.1 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
123-42-2 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2	= =
EC50	9016 mg/l (daphnia) (24h, OECD 203)
EC50/0.5h	17 mg/l (activated slugde)
EC50/48h	> 1000 mg/l (daphnia magna) (OECD 202)
EC50/72h	> 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (OECD 201)
LC50/96h	420 mg/l (Lepomis macrochirus)
	> 100 mg/l (Oryzias latipes) (OECD 203)
NOEC	100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (OECD 201, 72h)
NOEC (aqua chron.)	> 100 mg/l (daphnia magna) (21 d)
NOEL	825 mg/l (pseudomonas putida)
TGK = toxicity threshold concentration	
78-93-3 butanone	
EC50/48h	308 mg/l (daphnia magna)
LC50/96h	3220 mg/l (Lepomis macrochirus)
	2993 mg/l (pimephales promelas)
7722-84-1 hydrogen peroxide solution	
EC50/48h	2.4 mg/l (daphnia)
EC50/72h	1.38 mg/l (Skeletonema costatum)
LC50/96h	16.4 mg/l (pimephales promelas)
NOEC	0.63 mg/l (daphnia magna) (21 d)
	0.63 mg/l (Skeletonema costatum) (72 h)
102-82-9 tributylamine	
EC10/72h	1.4 mg/l (desmodesmus subspicatus)
EC50/72h	1.4 mg/l (desmodesmus subspicatus) (DIN 38412)
LC50	> 10 mg/l (danio rerio) (28 d)
	8 mg/l (daphnia magna) (48 h)
NOEC	0.315 mg/l (danio rerio) (28 d)
<b>12.2 Persistence and degradability</b> Easily biodegradable	
131-11-3 dimethyl phthalate	
Biodegradation 96-98 % (-) (28d, OEC	CD 301 E)
1338-23-4 2-Butanone, peroxide	
Biodegradation 87 % (-) (28 d)	



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123-42-2 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	
Biodegradation 98.51 % (-) (OECD 301A, 28d)	
7722-84-1 hydrogen peroxide solution	
Biodegradation > 99 % (-) (30 min)	
· 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	
131-11-3 dimethyl phthalate	
BCF 57 (Lepomis macrochirus) (21 day, OECD 305)	
log Kow 1.56 (-) (OECD 107)	
1338-23-4 2-Butanone, peroxide	
log Kow < 0.3 (-) (OECD 117)	
123-42-2 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	
BCF 0.5 (-)	
log Kow   -0.09 (-)	
78-93-3 butanone	
Kow 2 (-)	
log Kow 0.3 (-)	
7722-84-1 hydrogen peroxide solution	
log Kow   -1.57 (-)	
Behaviour in environmental systems:	
· 12.4 Mobility in soil	
131-11-3 dimethyl phthalate	
log Koc   1.57 (-)	
123-42-2 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	
Koc 3.32 (-)	
log Koc   0.52 (-)	
78-93-3 butanone	
Koc 3.8 (-)	

- · Additional ecological information:
- $\cdot \textit{General notes:}\ \textit{Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.}$
- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- $\cdot$  **PBT:** Not applicable.

log Koc 0.6 (-)

- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Dilute product with suitable inert liquid to a peroxide concentration below 10% and subsequently dispose of according to the refuse disposal act.

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### · Waste disposal key:

The waste codes given above are to be considered recommendations; because of regional and industrial sector specific features, application of different waste codes is possible.

### · European waste catalogue

16 05 06\* laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing dangerous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport informati	ion — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
· 14.1 UN-Number · ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN3105
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name	
$\cdot ADR$	3105 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (2
· IMDG, IATA	Butanone, peroxide) ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (2-Butanon peroxide)
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
· ADR, IMDG, IATA	
· Class · Label	5.2 Organic peroxides. 5.2
20000	5.2
· 14.4 Packing group · ADR	Void
· ADR · IMDG, IATA	voia II
· 14.5 Environmental hazards:	11
· 14.5 Environmentat nazaras: · Marine pollutant:	No
· 14.6 Special precautions for user	Warning: Organic peroxides.
· EMS Number:	F-J,S-R
· 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Anne	v
MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.
$\cdot$ Transport/Additional information:	
$\cdot ADR$	
· Limited quantities (LQ)	125 ml





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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · National regulations:
- · Information about limitation of use:

Employment restrictions concerning juveniles must be observed.

Employment restrictions concerning pregnant and lactating women must be observed.

· 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

### · Relevant phrases

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

- · Department issuing MSDS: Abteilung Labor
- · Contact: Frau S. Schaller
- · Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

 $PNEC: \ Predicted \ No-Effect \ Concentration \ (REACH)$ 

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Hazard Category 2

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Hazard Category 3

Ox. Liq. 1: Oxidising Liquids, Hazard Category 1

Org. Perox. CD: Organic Peroxides, Types C, D

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity, Hazard Category 4

Acute Tox. 2: Acute toxicity, Hazard Category 2 Acute Tox. 1: Acute toxicity, Hazard Category 1

Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation, Hazard Category 1A

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Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation, Hazard Category 1B

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation, Hazard Category 2 Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 2

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure, Hazard Category 3

\* Data compared to the previous version altered.